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AN ANNOTATED LIST OF THE BIRDS FOUND NEAR MAN-HATTAN, KANSAS.

By D. E. LANTZ, State Agricultural College.

The following list of birds is largely based upon the results of personal observations made during the past 14 years. The birds included have all been captured either by myself or others within the radius of a dozen miles of Manhattan. No bird is included on my own authority unless I have either seen the bird alive under circumstances which fix its identity without doubt, or have handled properly authenticated specimens. A few are included on the authority of Dr. C. P. Blachly, to whom I am greatly indebted for the privilege of verifying the identity of specimens in his collection and for notes concerning them.

The arrangement follows that of the Check-list of the American Ornithologists' Union. The asterisk (*) is prefixed to the names of birds known to breed here.

- Colymbus auritus Linn. Horned Grebe. Migratory; rare. Included on the authority of Doctor Blachly.
- Colymbus nigricollis californicus (Heerm.) American Eared Grebe. Migratory; not rare.
- 3. Podilymbus podiceps (Linn.) Pied-billed Grebe. Summer resident; rare. Common in migration.
 - 4. Urinator imber (Gunn.) Loon. Migratory; not rare.
 - Larus argentatus smithsonianus Coues. American Herring Gull. Migratory; rare.
 - 6. Larus delawarensis Ord. Ring-billed Gull. Migratory; common.
 - 7. Larus franklinii Sw. & Rich. Migratory; not rare.
 - 8. Larus philadelphia (Ord.) Bonaparte's Gull. Migratory; rare.
 - 9. Sterna forsteri Nutt. Forster's Tern. Migratory; common.
 - Hydrochelidon nigra surinamensis (Gmel.) Black Tern. Common in migration about May 1.
 - 11. Phalacrocorax dilophus (Sw. & Rich.) Double-crested Cormorant. Migratory; common.
 - 12. Pelecanus erythrorhynchus Gmel. American White Pelican. Migratory; common.
 - 13. Merganser americanus (Cass.) American Merganser. Winter sojourner; not common. Several taken.
 - Merganser serrato Linn. Red-breasted Merganser. Rare. Included on authority of Doctor Blachly.
 - 15. Lophodytes cucullatus (Linn.) Hooded Merganser. Resident; rare. A pair taken on Deep creek late in April, 1880. The female håd well-developed ova.
 - 16. Anas boschas Linn. Mallard. Resident; rare; in migration common.
 - 17. Anas obscura Gmel. Black Duck. Included on the authority of Doctor Blachly; but there is a probability of error in identity. The specimen has passed from Doctor Blachly's possession, but was probably Anas fulvigula maculosa (Senn.) Mottled Duck.
 - Anas strepera Linn. Gadwall. Summer resident; rare; common in migration.

- 19. Anas americana Gmel. Baldpate. Very common in migration.
- 20. Anas carolinensis Gmel. Green-winged Teal. Abundant in migration.
- *21. Anas discors Linn. Blue-winged Teal. Summer resident; rare; abundant in migration. Twice, in midsummer, I have come across the female of this duck with a brood of young only a few days old.
- *22. Spatula clypeata (Linn.) Shoveler. Summer resident; rare. Common in migration. Have seen them on Eureka lake in June in pairs, and they undoubtedly breed there.
- 23. Dafila acuta (Linn.) Pintail. Migratory; abundant.
- *24. Aix sponsa (Linn.) Wood Duck. Summer resident; formerly common, now rather rare. Two nests found, but I have not taken any eggs.
- 25. Aythya americana (Eyt.) Redhead. Migratory; abundant.
- 26. Aythya vallisneria (Wils.) Canvas Back. Migratory; some years common.
- 27. Aythya affinis (Eyt.) Lesser Scaup Duck. Migratory; common.
- 28. Aythya collaris (Donov.) Ring-necked Duck. Migratory; common.
- 29. Glaucionetta clangula americana (Bonap.) American Golden-eye. Migratory; not common.
- 30. Charitonetta albeola (Linn.) Buffle-head. Migratory; sometimes common.
- 31. Erismatura rubida (Wils.) Ruddy Duck. Migratory; common.
- 32. Chen hyperborea (Pall.) Lesser Snow Goose. Common in migration.
- 33. Anser albifrons gambeli (Hartl.) American White-fronted Goose. Migratory; common.
- 34. Branta canadensis (Linn.) Canada Goose. Migratory; abundant. A few remain during the winter.
- Branta canadensis hutchinsii (Sw. & Rich.) Hutchins Goose. Abundant migrant.
- 36. Olor columbianus (Ord.) Whistling Swan. Migratory; rare.
- 37. Olor buccinator (Rich.) Trumpeter Swan. Migratory; rare.
- *38. Botaurus lentiginosus (Montag.) American Bittern. Summer resident; not rare. No nests found.
- 39. Botaurus exilis (Gmel.) Least Bittern. Migratory; common.
- *40. Ardea herodias Linn. Great Blue Heron. Summer resident; common. Nest in communities in large trees along our creeks.
- 41. Ardea egretta Gmel. American Egret. Summer visitant. Have seen them only during August.
- *42. Ardea virescens Linn. Green Heron. Summer resident; common.
- 43. Nycticorax nycticorax naevius (Bodd.) Black-crowned Night Heron. Summer resident in the state; rare in this locality.
- 44. Grus americana (Linn.) Whooping Crane. Migratory. Sometimes common in spring migration.
- 45. Grus mexicana (Muell.) Sandhill Crane. Migratory; common.
- *46. Rallus elegans Aud. King Rail. Summer resident; rare. Common in migration.
- 47. Rallus virginianus Linn. Virginia Rail. Migratory; not common. Have seen them only in autumn migration.
- *48. Porzana carolina (Linn.) Sora. Summer resident; rare. Common in migration.
- *49. Porzana jamaicensis (Gmel.) Black Rail. Summer resident; rare.
- 50. Ionornis martinica (Linn.) Purple Gallinule. A single specimen, the only record for this state, was captured April 14, 1893.

- *51. Fulica americana Gmel. American Coot. Summer resident; rare.

 Abundant in migration.
- 52. Phalaropus tricolor (Vieill.) Wilson's Phalarope. Migratory; common.
- 53. Recurvirostra americana Gmel. American Avocet. Summer resident in western Kansas. Common here during migration.
- 54. Philohela minor (Gmel.) American Woodcock. Rare in this vicinity. Four specimens seen in a residence of 16 years.
- Macrorhamphus scolapaceus (Say.) Long-billed Dowitcher. Migratory; not rare.
- 56. Micropalama himantopus (Bonap.) Stilt Sandpiper. Migratory; rare. Inserted on the authority of Doctor Blachly.
- 57. Tringa maculata Vieill. Pectoral Sandpiper. Migratory; common.
- Tringa fuscicollia Vieill. White-rumped Sandpiper. Migratory; common.
- 59. Tringa minutilla Vieill. Least Sandpiper. Migratory; abundant.
- 60. Ereunetes pusillus (Linn.) Semipalmated Sandpiper. Migratory; rare.
 Inserted on authority of Doctor Blachly.
- 61. Totanus melanoleucus (Gmel..) Greater Yellowlegs. Migratory; common. The earliest spring arrival among our Limicolae.
- 62. Totanus flavipes (Gmel.) Yellowlegs. Migratory; common.
- 63. Totanus solitarius (Wils.) Solitary Sandpiper. Migratory; common.
- 64. Symphemia semipalmata inornata Brewst. Western Willet. Migratory; rare.
- *65. Bartramia longicauda (Bechst.) Bartramian Sandpiper. Abundant summer resident. Begin laying about May 1. Are frequently killed by hunters during the nesting season, and even after the young are hatched.
- *66. Actitis macularia (Linn.) Spotted Sandpiper. Summer resident; not common. Abundant in migration.
- 67. Numenius longirostris Wils. Long-billed Curlew. Common in migration.
- 68. Numenius borealis (Forst.) Eskimo Curlew. Migratory; common.
- 69. Charadrius dominicus Muell. American Golden Plover. Migratory; rare. Inserted on authority of Doctor Blachly.
- *70. Aegialitis vocifera (Linn.) Killdeer. Summer resident; common.
 - 71. Aegialitis semipalmata Bonap. Semipalmated Plover. Migratory; rare. Inserted on authority of Doctor Blachly.
- *72. Colinus virginianus (Linn.) Bob-white. Resident; abundant.
 - 73. Bonasa umbellus (Linn.) Ruffed Grouse. The Blue river is probably the western limit of the occurrence of this bird in Kansas. A pair of the birds wintered on Cedar creek, some five miles north of Manhattan, a few years ago, but were killed before the opening of spring by a farmer who had been especially urged to look after their preservation.
- *74. Tympanuchus americanus (Reich.) Prairie Hen. Resident; common. Formerly abundant. Their growing scarcity is due in large measure to the burning of pastures in the nesting season.
- 75. (Extinct.) Meleagris gallopavo Linn. Wild Turkey. Common here when the country was first settled. They have long since disappeared.
- *76. Zenaidura macroura (Linn.) Mourning Dove. Summer resident; abundant. Occasionally remain all winter in sheltered places near corrals.
- *77. Cathartes aura (Linn.) Turkey Vulture. Summer resident; common.
 Often nest under rock ledges along our bluffs.

- Elanoides forficatus (Linn.) Swallow-tailed Kite. Some seasons abundant in summer, when they undoubtedly breed. Have seen none for about 10 years.
- *79. Circus hudsonius (Linn.) Marsh Hawk. Resident; common.
- 80. Accipiter velox (Wils.) Sharp-shinned Hawk. Rather common in migration.
- *81. Accipiter cooperi (Bonap.) Cooper's Hawk. Resident; but rarely seen in winter.
- 82. Accipiter atricapillus (Wils.) American Goshawk. Winter visitor; rare.
- *83. Buteo borealis (Gmel.) Red-tailed Hawk. Resident; common.
- 84. Buteo borealis calurus (Cass.) Western Red-tail. A well-marked specimen of this dark western race has just been added to the museum of the Agricultural College.
- 85. Buteo borealis harlani Ridgw. Harlan's Hawk. Winter visitant; rare.
- 86. Buteo lineatus (Gmel.) Red-shouldered Hawk. Resident; rare. Included on authority of Doctor Blachly.
- *87. Buteo swainsoni Bonap. Swainson's Hawk. Resident; not common.
- 88. Archibuteo lagopus sancti-johannis (Gmel.) American Rough-legged Hawk. Winter sojourner; common.
- 89. Aquila chrysaetos (Linn.) Golden Eagle. Winter sojourner; rare.
- 90. Haliaetus leucocephalus (Linn.) Bald Eagle. Formerly resident; now an occasional winter sojourner.
- 91. Falco rusticalus Linn. Gray Gyrfalcon. Accidental winter visitor. A single specimen was captured December 1, 1880, by Mr. A. L. Runyon.
- 92. Falco peregrinus anatum (Bonap.) Duck Hawk. Not common. Seen only during spring migration, but it may breed.
- 93. Falco columbarius Linn. Pigeon Hawk. Migratory; rare.
- *94. Falco sparverius Linn. American Sparrow Hawk. Resident; common. They do good work in destroying the English sparrow in our towns, and ought to be protected.
- 95. Pandion haliaetus carolinensis (Gmel.) American Osprey. Summer resident; rare.
- *96. Strix pratincola Bonap. American Barn Owl. Resident; common. Took a set of four eggs in August, 1893.
- *97. Asio wilsonianus (Less.) American Long-eared Owl. Resident; common.
- *98. Asic accipitrinus (Pall.) Short-eared Owl. Resident; common.
- *99. Syrnium nebulosum (Forst.) Barred Owl. Resident; common. Not often met with in winter.
- 100. Nyctale acadica (Gmel.) Saw-whet Owl. Winter sojourner; rare.
- *101. Megascops asio (Linn.) Screech Owl. Resident; common.
- *102. Bubo virginianus (Gmel.) Great Horned Owl. Resident; common.
- 103. Nyctea nyctea (Linn.) Snowy Owl. Winter visitant; rare.
- 104. Spectyto cunicularia hypogaea (Bonap.) Burrowing Owl. One killed west of town in March, 1894, and reported to me by Mr. J. A. Plowman, who is well acquainted with these birds in their breeding range. In my opinion the burrowing owl is to a great extent migratory.
- 105. (Extinct.) Conurus carolinensis (Linn.) Carolina Paroquet. Not now to be found. Formerly common in the heavy timber just east of town.
- *106. Coccyzus americanus (Linn.) Yellow-billed Cuckoo. Summer resident; common.

- *107. Coccyzus erythrophthalmus (Wils.) Black-billed Cuckoo. Summer resident; not so common as the last named.
- *108. Ceryle alcyon (Linn.) Belted Kingfisher. Summer resident; common.
- *109. Dryobates villosus (Linn.) Hairy Woodpecker. Resident; common.
- *110. Dryobates pubescens (Linn.) Downy Woodpecker. Resident; common.
- 111. Sphyrapicus varius Linn. Yellow-bellied Sapsucker. Migratory; rare. A single specimen, captured by Mr. Louis Parker.
- 112. Ceophloeus pileatus (Linn.) Pileated Woodpecker. Resident; rare.

 One seen by the writer, and one in the collection of Doctor Blachly.
- *113. Melanerpes erythrocephalus Linn. Red-headed Woodpecker. Summer resident; abundant.
- *114. Melanerpes carolinus (Linn.) Red-bellied Woodpecker. Resident; common.
- *115. Colaptes auratus (Linn.) Flicker. Resident; abundant.
 - 116. Colaptes cafer (Gmel.) Red-shafted Flicker. Winter sojourner; common.
- 117. Antrostomus vociferus (Wils.) Whip-poor-will. Summer resident; very rare. A single bird heard.
- *118. Phalaenoptilus nuttalli (Aud.) Poor-will. Summer resident; common.
- *119. Phalaenoptilus nuttalli nitidus Brewst. Frosted Poor-will. Summer resident; not uncommon. Three sets of the eggs of this new form were taken in this county by Mr. Eben Blachly. The first of these was secured for the collection of Capt. B. F. Goss (deceased), of Pewaukee, Wis., and is now in the public museum in Milwaukee. Another set is in the museum of the Kansas Agricultural College.
- *120. Chordeiles virginianus (Gmel.) Nighthawk. Summer resident; common.
- *121. Chaetura pelagica (Linn.) Chimney Swift. Summer resident; abundant.
- *122. Trochilus colubris Linn. Ruby-throated Hummingbird. Summer resident; rare. Rather common in migration.
- *123. Tyrannus tyrannus (Linn.) Kingbird. Summer resident; abundant.
- *124. Myiarchus crinitus (Linn.) Crested Flycatcher. Summer resident; common.
- *125. Sayornis phoebe (Lath.) Phoebe. Summer resident; common.
- *126. Contopus virens (Linn.) Wood Pewee. Summer resident; common.
- *127. Empidonax acadicus (Gmel.) Acadian Flycatcher. Summer resident; common except in dry seasons. Nest in colonies of three or four pairs near together.
- 128. Empidonax pusillus traillii (Aud.) Traill's Flycatcher. Probably summer resident, but have been seen only in spring migration. Nests have been found in Marshall county.
- 129. Empidonax minimus (Baird.) Least Flycatcher. Migratory; not common.
- 130. Otocoris alpestris (Linn.) Horned Lark. Rare winter sojourner.
- *131. Otocoris alpestris praticola (Hensh.) Prairie Horned Lark. Resident; common.
- 132. Pica pica hudsonica (Sab.) American Magpie. Very rare winter visitant.
- *133. Cyanocitta cristata (Linn.) Blue Jay. Resident; abundant in summer.
 Only a few remain during winter.
- *134. Corvus americanus Aud. American Crow. Resident; abundant.
- 135. Dolichonyx oryzivorus (Linn.) Bobolink. Migratory; common. In very wet seasons they linger until about the first of June, and probably occasionally remain to breed.

- *136. Molothrus ater (Bodd.) Cowbird. Summer resident; abundant.
- 137. Xanthocephalus xanthocephalus (Bonap.) Yellow-headed Blackbird. Common in migration.
- *138. Agelaius phoeniceus (Linn.) Red-winged Blackbird. Summer resident; abundant.
- *139. Sturnella magna (Linn.) Meadowlark. Resident; not common.
- *140. Sturnella magna neglecta (Aud.) Western Meadowlark. Resident; abundant.
- *141. Icterus spurius (Linn.) Orchard Oriole. Summer resident; abundant.
- *142. Icterus galbula (Linn.) Baltimore Oriole. Summer resident; abundant.
- 143. Scolecophagus carolinus (Muell.) Rusty Blackbird. Winter sojourner; not common.
- 144. Scolecophagus cyanocephalus (Wagl.) Brewer's Blackbird. Common in migration. Arrive in February or early in March.
- 145. Quiscalus quiscala aeneus (Ridgw.) Bronzed Grackle. Abundant summer resident. A few remain during winter.
- 146. Carpodacus purpureus (Gmel.) Purple Finch. Migratory; rare.
- 147. Loxia curvirostra minor (Brehm.) American Crossbill. Irregular winter visitant; rare.
- 148. Loxia curvirostra stricklandi Ridgw. Mexican Crossbill. Irregular winter visitant; common.
- 149. Acanthis linaria (Linn.) Redpoll. Winter visitant; rare. A single specimen taken by Doctor Blachly, January, 1881.
- *150. Spinus tristis (Linn.) American Goldfinch. Resident; abundant.
- 151. Spinus pinus (Wils.) Pine Siskin. Winter sojourner. Abundant some seasons, entirely absent in others.
- 152. Plectrophenax nivalis (Linn.) Snowflake. Winter visitant; rare. Included on authority of Doctor Blachly.
- 153. Calcarius lapponicus (Linn.) Lapland Longspur. Winter sojourner; abundant.
- 154. Calcarius ornatus (Towns.) Chestnut-collared Longspur. Winter sojourner; common.
- 155. Poocaetes gramineus (Gmel.) Vesper Sparrow. Common in migration.
- 156. Ammodramus sandwichensis savanna (Wils.) Savanna Sparrow. Migratory; common.
- *157. Ammodramus savannarum passerinus (Wils.) Grasshopper Sparrow. Summer resident; abundant.
- 158. Ammodramus leconteii (Aud.) Leconte's Sparrow. Migratory; rather common.
- 159. Ammodramus caudacutus nelsoni Allen. Nelson's Sparrow. Summer resident; rare. No nests found.
- *160. Chondestes grammacus (Say.) Lark Sparrow. Summer resident; abundant.
- 161. Zonotrichia querula (Nutt.) Harris's Sparrow. Winter sojourner; abundant. Remain from October to May. Latest record of occurrence, May 23.
- 162. Zonotrichia leucophrys (Forst.) White-crowned Sparrow. Migratory; not so common as the next form.
- 163. Zonotrichia intermedia Ridgw. Intermediate Sparrow. Migratory; common. Arrive later than the last named.
- 164. Zonotrichia albicollis (Gmel.) White-throated Sparrow. Migratory; common.
- 165. Spizella monticola (Gmel.) Tree Sparrow. Winter sojourner; abundant.

- *166. Spizella socialis (Wils.) Chipping Sparrow. Summer resident; common.
- 167. Spizella pallida (Swains.) Clay-colored Sparrow. Migratory; abundant.
- *168. Spizella pusilla (Wils.) Field Sparrow. Summer resident; common.
- 169. Junco hyemalis (Linn.) Slate-colored Junco. Winter sojourner; abundant.
- 170. Junco hyemalis oregonus (Towns.) Oregon Junco. Winter sojourner; common.
- 171. Melospiza fasciata (Gmel.) Song Sparrow. Rather common winter sojourner. More abundant in spring migration.
- 172. Melospiza lincolni (Aud.) Lincoln's Sparrow. Migratory; common.
- 173. Melospiza georgiana (Lath.) Swamp Sparrow. Not common; seen only in migration.
- 174. Passerella iliaca (Merr.) Fox Sparrow. Winter sojourner; but more common in spring migration.
- *175. Pipilo erythrophthalmus (Linn.) Towhee. Summer resident; common.

 A few remain during the winter.
- 176. Pipilo maculata arcticus (Swains.) Arctic Towhee. Migratory; common. Occasionally seen in winter.
- *177. Cardinalis cardinalis (Linn.) Cardinal. Resident; common.
- *178. Habia ludoviciana (Linn.) Rose-breasted Grosbeak. Summer resident; common. Rare in this locality before 1890.
- 179. Habia melanocephala (Swains.) Black-headed Grosbeak. Probably a rare summer resident. A single specimen seen in late summer. The birds were found to be common in Cloud county in August, 1889.
- *180. Guiraca caerulea (Linn.) Blue Grosbeak. Summer resident; common.
- *181. Passerina cyanea (Linn.) Indigo Bunting. Summer resident; common.
- *182. Spiza americana (Gmel.) Dickcissel. Summer resident; abundant.
- *183. Piranga erythromelas Vieill. Scarlet Tanager. Summer resident; quite common.
- 184. Piranga rubra (Linn.) Summer Tanager. Summer resident; rare. A single specimen seen.
- *185. Progne subis (Linn.) Purple Martin. Summer resident; abundant.
- *186. Petrochelidon lunifrons (Say). Cliff Swallow. Once an abundant summer resident. A small colony still annually nest at the Agricultural College barn.
- *187. Chelidon erythrogaster (Bodd.) Barn Swallow. Summer resident; common.
- *188. Tachycineta bicolor (Vieill.) Tree Swallow. Summer resident; rare. Common in migration. I have found them nesting at Eureka Lake.
- *189. Clivicola riparia (Linn). Bank Swallow. Summer resident; abundant.
- *190. Stelgidopteryx serripennis (Aud.) Rough-winged Swallow. Summer resident; common.
- 191. Ampelis garrulus Linn. Bohemian Wax-wing. Winter visitant; rare. Seen only once, when I shot three from a large flock, December 6, 1879.
- 192. Ampelis cedrorum (Vieill.) Cedar Waxwing. Common; apparently found only in migration. Remain late in May.
- 193. Lanius borealis Vieill. Northern Shrike. Winter sojourner; common.
- *194. Lanius ludovicianus excubitorides (Swains.) White-rumped Shrike.

 Summer resident; common. Begin laying late in April.
- *195. Vireo olivaceus (Linn.) Red-eyed Vireo. Summer resident; common.
- *196. Vireo gilvus (Vieill.) Warbling Vireo. Summer resident; common.
- *197. Vireo flavifrons Vieill. Yellow-throated Vireo. Summer resident; rare.
- 198. Vireo noveboracensis (Gmel.) White-eyed Vireo. Summer resident;

- rare. I have never met with this species in Kansas, but include it in this list on the authority of Colonel Goss and Doctor Blachly.
- *199. Vireo bellii Aud. Bell's Vireo. Summer resident; abundant.
- 200. Mniotilta varia (Linn.) Black and White Warbler. Summer resident; rare. Common in migration.
- *201. Protonotaria citrea (Bodd.) Prothonotary Warbler. Summer resident; common.
- 202. Helminthophila celata (Say). Orange-crowned Warbler. Migratory; common.
- 203. Helminthophila peregrina (Wils.) Tennessee Warbler. Migratory; common.
- *204. Dendroica aestiva (Gmel.) Yellow Warbler. Summer resident; abundant.
- 205. Dendroica coronata (Linn.) Myrtle Warbler. Migratory; abundant. Sometimes seen in winter.
- 206. Dendroica striata (Forst.) Black-poll Warbler. Migratory; abundant.
- 207. Seiurus auricapillus (Linn.) Oven-bird. Summer resident; very rare. Common in migration.
- 208. Seiurus noveboracensis (Gmel.) Water-thrush. Migratory; rare.
- *209. Seiurus motacilla (Vieill.) Louisiana Water-thrush. Summer resident; common.
- *210. Geothlypis formosa (Wils.) Kentucky Warbler. Summer resident; common.
- *211. Geothlypis trichas occidentalis Brewst. Western Yellow-throat. Summer resident; not common.
- *212. Icteria virens (Linn.) Yellow-breasted Chat. Summer resident; common.
- 213. Sylvania canadensis (Wils.) Wilson's Warbler. Migratory; common.
- *214. Setophaga ruticilla (Linn.) American Redstart. Summer resident; common. Abundant in migration.
- 215. Anthus pensilvanicus (Lath.) American Pipit. Migratory; common.
- *216. Mimus polyglottos (Linn.) Mockingbird. Summer resident; formerly common, now rather rare.
- *217. Galeoscoptes carolinensis (Linn.) Catbird. Summer resident; abundant.
- *218. Harporhynchus rufus (Linn.) Brown Thrasher. Summer resident; abundant.
- *219. Salpinctes obsoletus (Say.) Rock Wren. Summer resident; rare.
- *220. Thryothorus ludovicianus (Lath.) Carolina Wren. Resident; formerly common, but now rare.
- *221. Thryothorus bewickii bairdi (Salv. & Godm.) Baird's Wren. Summer resident; not common.
- *222. Troglodytes aedon aztecus Baird. Western House Wren. Summer resident; abundant.
- 223. Troglodytes hiemalis Vieill. Winter Wren. Winter sojourner; rare.
- 224. Cistothorus stellaris (Licht.) Short-billed Marsh Wren. Migratory; rare. Included on the authority of Doctor Blachly.
- 225. Cistothorus palustris (Wils.) Long-billed Marsh Wren. Summer resident; rare. Common in migration.
- 226. Certhia familiaris americana (Bonap.) Brown Creeper. Winter so-journer; common.
- *227. Sitta carolinensis Lath. White-breasted Nuthatch. Resident; common.
- 228. Sitta canadensis Linn. Red-breasted Nuthatch. Migratory; rare. Only two specimens seen.

- *229. Parus bicolor Linn. Tufted Titmouse. Resident; common.
- *230. Parus atricapillus Linn. Chickadee. Resident; common.
- *231. Parus atricapillus septentrionalis (Harris). Long-tailed Chickadee. Resident, but not so common as the last named.
- 232. Regulus calendula (Linn.) Ruby-crowned Kinglet. Migratory; common.
- *233. Polioptila caerulea (Linn.) Blue-gray Gnatcatcher. Summer resident; rare. In migration common. Two nests found.
- 234. Myadestes townsendii (Aud.) Townsend's Solitaire. Winter resident; rare. A single specimen was taken by Doctor Blachly.
- *235. Turdus mustelinus Gmel. Wood Thrush. Summer resident; abundant.
- 236. Turdus ustulatus swainsonii (Cab.) Olive-backed Thrush. Migratory; common from 1st to 10th of May.
- *237. Merula migratoria (Linn.) American Robin. Resident; abundant.
- *238. Sialia sialis (Linn.) Bluebird. Resident; common.
- 239. Sialia arctica (Swains.) Mountain Bluebird. Winter sojourner; not uncommon.
- 240. (In doubt.) Coccothraustes vespertina (Coop.) Evening Grosbeak.

 Winter visitant; rare. A single bird, seen December 5, 1888, was identified as of this species. I could not secure the specimen, but a long and careful estimate of its characteristics at fair range of vision satisfied me at the time as to its identity. My only doubt grows out of the fact that the bird was alone when seen.

I have omitted Bullock's Oriole, Icterus bullocki (Swains.), from the foregoing list. I am satisfied that the bird has not been seen in this locality. The report made by me to Prof. W. W. Cooke, in 1883, was based upon the observations of another person. I subsequently satisfied myself of the fact that the person was in error; but the report had been forwarded to Professor Cooke. It crept into the "Report on Bird Migration in the Mississippi Valley," and although I had personally called the attention of Colonel Goss to the error, he failed to remember it in preparing his "History of the Birds of Kansas" for the press. The authority for including this bird in the list of Kansas birds, so far as I know, rests solely on the early catalogue of Professor Snow.